

News Items.

THE BAPTIST VERSION.—A large meeting of Baptist clergy and others opposed to the new version of the Scriptures, as proposed, was held in Buffalo on the 15th inst.

THE IMMIGRANTS.—Forty one vessels from foreign ports arrived at New York on Friday last. The number of immigrant passengers who arrived on the same day was about five thousand.

BAILED.—Pierre C. Tallman, who was arrested in New York for embezzling from his employers \$4,000, has been liberated on bail of \$2,000.

Major Theodore O'Hara, of Frankfort, is said to have command of the Kentuckians who have joined the expedition against Cuba.

The General Taylor House, in Philadelphia, was set fire to on Sunday, and burned to the ground.

The Charleston Courier notices a great freshet in the Potomac.

A line of steamers is talked of at New York, to run to the west coast of Ireland.

Deaths in Philadelphia last week 152—by consumption 16, scarlet fever 14.

There will be a railroad celebration at Burlington, Vt., on the 20th June next in commemoration of the opening of the two lines between Burlington and Boston.

A bridge, about eighteen miles from Philadelphia, was accidentally left open, as the train was coming from Baltimore, on Tuesday. The locomotive and tender were precipitated into a schooner underneath. The damage sustained, however, was but slight.

The Methodist Protestant General Conference which was in session at Baltimore, has adjourned sine die.

Gen. Rosas has been re-elected Governor of Buenos Ayres, with full powers for another five years, and will accept.

Congress has appropriated \$140,000 for public local improvements in Washington City.

Benjamin Franklin organized the first fire company in this country. It was in Philadelphia in 1728.

An extensive combination of planters is forming in Louisiana and Mississippi, for the purpose of forming a slave colony in California.

Yankee Sullivan is giving sparring exhibitions at San Francisco.

Vaccination was first applied on the 14th of May, 1806.

\$30,000 have been subscribed in Wheeling, Va., towards the erection of gas works in that city.

The new Constitution of Kentucky was adopted by a majority of about 50,000. Wm. C. Preston has resigned the Presidency of the College of South Carolina in consequence of ill health.

Foreign Items.

A recent shipment of coals, by a Liverpool merchant, to Rio Janeiro, ended in a balance being struck against him of one hundred and eighty dollars.

Mutton in barrels, called Mutton hams, not being smoked or prepared as hams usually are, is carried to England duty free.

India rubber is now applied to book binding, as covers, in place of leather or paper.

The amount on deposit in the English savings bank at the present time, is twenty-eight millions of pounds sterling.

Lady Franklin has purchased the ketch Prince Albert, 90 tons burthen, to send to prince Regent's inlet in search of her husband.

The French monetary system is about to be adopted in Switzerland.

There are 190 loan societies in England. There were 69,642 applicants for loans the last year, and 56,710 succeeded in their applications.

It is proposed in England that a law shall be passed compelling every person to be vaccinated.

Madam Auber, mother of the celebrated composer, recently died at the age of 93.

The Ecclesiastical Courts in Piedmont, abolished during the late difficulties in Rome have not been restored.

Specimens of cotton from Dahomey, in Africa, have reached Manchester England.

Galvanism is successfully applied to aneurism. M. Perquin charges a small battery of forty elements with a solution of Sal ammoniac and puts four small needles in the tumor. In twenty minutes it is solidified.

An insurrection is spreading rapidly in Russia and Turkish Croatia, under the lead of Ali Kedic. Serbia and Albania appear ready for a revolt, and who knows but Hungary again be in arms.

Chapman has expressed his opinion, at a late meeting of the French Institute, that Liebig's theory of nitrogen, as the essential element of nutrition, is correct. He arrived at this conclusion by making personal observations on the diet of Belgian and French workmen. He adds that coffee, though not nutritious in itself, prevents a waste of the time, and also the necessity of rich food to restore them. Persons taking coffee rarely do not pass urine, uric acid, or phlogistic acid to the extent that non-takers of coffee do.

The Texas emigration is represented as very numerous the present year of an excellent class of people, including many agriculturists. Railroads, plank roads, and steamboats, attracting much attention there.

Duels in the South.

Passengers on the steamer Alexander Scott, who arrived at Louisville on the 22d, state that a duel was fought a few days since at Biloxi, between Judge Walker, of the New Orleans Delta and Mr. Kennedy, of the True Delta. The difficulty originated from an article that appeared in the latter paper. After the parties had taken one ineffectual pop at each other, they shook hands, made friends, took a drink all round, and started for home. And the Mobile Advertiser, of the 16th, states that on the Wednesday previous, a couple of gentlemen of that city settled a personal difficulty by a report to the so called code of honor.

They visited Mississippi to arrange the preliminaries, and on the second shot one of the parties fell with a ball in his knee. He was brought to the city, and we are informed will probably be a cripple for life, or be compelled to have his leg amputated. —*Cin. Chron.*

United States and Canada Trade.

The Canadian government, it is assumed, has refused to permit American vessels to come from ports on the upper lakes direct to Quebec, there to reload with return cargo. The request that they might do so was presented by the Montreal Board of Trade.

It is well known that an application is before congress for reciprocity of trade between Canada and the United States. Mr. Clayton has applied to Mr. Bulwer, at the instance of the committee of Commerce in the House of Representatives, to know whether, in the event of the passage of such a bill, the free navigation of the St. Lawrence will be conceded. Mr. Bulwer replies, that in his judgement, the measure seems to be the natural consequence of those measures by which the markets of Great Britain have already been opened to the agricultural products of this country, and he adds the following:—

"I feel no hesitation therefore, in stating that the instructions with which I came to the United States, warrant me, under such circumstances, in assuring you that should a bill corresponding to that which has received the sanction of the Legislature in Canada, be passed by the Legislature of the United States, and receive the sanction of the President of the United States, Her Majesty's Government will be ready to respond to any application which the United States Government may then address to it, on the subject concerning which you have now applied to me, by at once consenting to open the navigation of the river St. Lawrence, and the canals thereto adjoining, (and which would be duly specified) to the shipping and citizens of the United States.

Witchcraft in Olden Times.

The "knockings" in New York, Connecticut and New Jersey, have excited a curiosity to know what was done by the witches of the olden time. The New York Star furnishes the following from the records of events in that city:

In 1665 a man and his wife were arraigned and tried as witches in this city, and a special verdict of guilty was rendered against one of them. In 1672 the inhabitants of West Chester complained to the Governor and Council against a witch who came among them, she having been before tried and condemned as a witch at Hartford but by some means escaped punishment. As these complaints were made to Gov. Colver, who was a sailor, he dismissed them as absurd. The celebrated Negro Plot, got up in 1741, was founded in apprehensions of witchcraft and incendiarism on the part of the negroes, who were denounced by a depraved prostitute by the name of Peggy Carey, and a number of poor ignorant blacks were condemned to be burnt at the stake, and to-morrow will be 106 years since they were tried to a stake, in Chatham, near Pearl street, then called Magazine street, and burnt to death. Among the executed was John Ury, a Catholic priest.

This occurred at the time when Dr. Franklin was establishing the Phila. Library. Succeeding generations have felt humiliated in reading the records of these trials and executions.

LEARN TO COOK WELL.—The health of the family depends upon it. We know that there are those who associate luxury with effeminacy, an all dependent ill, with every attempt of the kind recommended. But we do not believe that health is promoted by eating raw carrots or doughy bread—or that to secure long life it is necessary to turn cannibal. Nor were men made to graze like cattle, or eat food like dogs.

Nor is it necessary, in order to shun the errors of which we speak, to rush into the opposite extreme. Good cookery does not consist in producing the highest seasoned dishes, nor such as to foster a morbid appetite; but in preparing every dish well, however simple or common it may be.

There are, for instance, families who never eat any good bread from one century to another, and have no idea of what it consists. Nor are meats cooked any better within their precincts. These little, simple and healthy delicacies, which the good housekeeper knows intuitively how to produce, are never seen here. Even a dish of potatoes cannot get themselves well filled. A member of the family might as well fill among Hotentots, as any proper nursing is concerned. These things ought not to be, nor is there any need of their existence, if the wife has any just notions of her obligations to herself and those about her.

The science of bread-making, of meat-broiling, stewing, roasting and boiling, vegetable cooking, and of preparing the multifarious small dishes of all sorts, which go to make pleasant the table, and all about, are hers—hers to understand and practice. —*Prairie Farmer.*

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—Three hundred individuals in Philadelphia have been appointed to procure the residue of subscriptions needed for the Pennsylvania Railroad But 10,000 shares are needed, which will doubtless be subscribed before winter. The whole line from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh will be put under contract within a year, in all probability.

A Treaty between M. Bois de Compite. The French Minister and Mr. Clayton according to a telegraphic dispatch in the Tribune has been concluded, substantially like the treaty made with Mr. Bulwer in relation to the Nicaragua question.

Murdered.

Mr. Townsend, of Green township, Clinton county, Ohio, was murdered on Saturday night last. He got up during the night and went out, but not returning, his family became alarmed, and in company with some neighbors instituted a search. He was found a short distance from his residence shot through the head. —*Chil. Advertiser.*

A DIFECT VESSEL.—The schooner Heroine left last evening, ostensibly for Sinal, for which port she cleared, but it is understood her destination is Havana, with a special messenger and dispatches. She sailed in ballast, in six hours after she was chartered. If this is the first information sent to the Captain General of the expedition against the island, we think the Gods have awakened up rather late in the day, and the expedition will probably be there before this special messenger. —*New Orleans Bulletin, 11th.*

Cuba—Its Dimensions Population and Productions.

This noble Island being the point to which the public attention is now anxiously directed, all information in regard to it will be acceptable.

The official statistics of the island, published in 1847, give the main island of Pines 1,077 square miles; other islands and keys 1,290 square miles—making the total of the Island of Cuba and dependencies 47,987 square English miles.

The length of the island, in the shortest line from east to west, is 660 miles. It is 26 miles broad, in its narrowest part, and 135 in its widest. From the southern part of Florida to the northern part of Cuba, the distance is 113 miles, and from the island to the nearest point of Yucatan is 132 miles. Cuba and Hayti are 49 miles apart, and Cuba and Jamaica 86 miles.

As regards population, the returns of the white class are said to be reliable, but not so as regards slaves as the planters seek to conceal their number to avoid taxation. The last census or authentic estimate was made in 1846, when there were 425,767 white population, 149,326 free colored, and 343,752 slaves—to 918,752.

The white population of Havana, with-in and without the walls, excluding the garison, inmates of prisons, hospitals, and transient persons, was 53,044—the colored population—slave and free—at the same period was 52,707—total 105,751.

PROGRESS OF LIBERIA.—Liberia is progressing rapidly and prosperously. Massachusetts has chartered a college for Lib. and paid \$18,000. Two brothers, residing in Louisville and Cincinnati offer to pay the expenses of a Batavia mission in the interior of Africa. An experienced geologist offers to make a survey, if means are found to defray his expenses. The sum of \$10,000 has been given by a citizen of Philadelphia, the net income of which is to be appropriated to pay the expenses of Sunday schools in Liberia.—William Short, Esq., has left \$10,000 for the Colonization Society. The free negroes of the British West India Islands are organizing to emigrate to Africa with considerable stock and means.

CHARLESTON S. C. May 17.—An extensive and very destructive fire occurred here this morning. It broke out about two o'clock in a large warehouse on Adger's wharf. The flames soon spread and communicated to adjoining buildings, comprising three large cotton storehouses, with most of their contents. The fire still continued to rage, and a number of stores contiguous also fell a prey to the devouring element.



IN QUART BOTTLES.

For Purifying the Blood, and for the Cure of Scrofula, Rheumatism, Stomach Ulcers, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Fever sores, Erysipelas, Pimples, Biles, Mercurial Diseases, Cutaneous Eruptions, Liver complaint, Bronchitis, Consumption, Female complaints, Loss of Appetite, General Debility, &c.

THE RECORDS OF MEDICAL SCIENCE, abounding as they do with ample testimonials to the success and efficacy of different medical agents, scarcely furnish a parallel with the results recorded from a multitude of living witnesses to the great worth of Sarsaparilla. The remarkable cures of a great variety of diseases effected by its timely administration, furnish conclusive evidence of this fact, and the experience of fourteen years has won for it a deserved popularity that no other preparation over attained. Its extensive use throughout the world, and the numerous unalloyed testimonials received by the proprietors, stand as beacons and landmarks to the suffering and diseased, holding forth the inviting language of encouragement—do not despair. Thousands and tens of thousands who suffered without hope, groaning day and night under pain and anguish, beyond the power of language to convey, have not only been relieved but permanently cured. It has been approved by the medical faculty, introduced and extensively used in hospitals, under the watchful eye of physicians, with the happiest results. The preparation being entirely vegetable, renders its administration safe to the most delicate frame.

The following testimonials are selected from among the multitude of those who are daily receiving; and for further confirmation, the reader is referred to the family recipe and medical almanac, furnished gratuitously by all our agents:

NEW YORK, July 27, 1849.
Messrs A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: Words can but feebly express my feelings in conveying the pleasing intelligence that my wife is restored to perfect health by the use of your valuable Sarsaparilla. She was afflicted with a severe cutaneous disease that covered the whole surface of the body, so that it would have been impossible to touch any part that was free from the humor; the head, face and body were covered with scales like those of a fish; the hair fell out in large quantities, and walking caused the most excruciating agonies, as it affected the joints more severely than any other disease. She suffered also a long time from an affection of the liver, connected with general debility, and a prostration of the nervous system. Physicians, both in Europe and America, had exhausted their usual remedies, without effecting a cure, or scarcely affording relief; and the best medical skill was unavailing, until she happily used your sarsaparilla. The disease was pronounced salt rheum, but her whole system internally and externally, was altogether deranged; but so complete has been the cure, after using the sarsaparilla for six weeks, and taking in all less than one dozen bottles, that she now enjoys better health than for years previous to taking the sarsaparilla. My object in making this communication is, that all who have suffered as she has, may know where and to whom to apply for relief, (and that not in vain) as a complete cure will be the result. My wife unites with me in heartfelt thanks; and believe me, gentlemen, yours sincerely,

PERIER NAZER, 33 Nassau st.

N. B.—For a corroboration of these facts apply to Mr. H. McNamee, at Messrs. Bowen & McNamee's store, Broadway, N. Y.

City and county of N. Y., ss. Perier Nazer being duly sworn, doth depose and say that the foregoing statement, to which he has subscribed his name, is true and accurate, to the best of his knowledge and belief—Sworn and subscribed, this 27th day of June, 1849, before me, C. S. WOODHULL, Mayor.

For sale by Messrs. A. B. & C. Sands, Portsmouth, O. Price \$1 per bottle.

A FINE lot of Cap and Letter Paper, just received and for sale at WELLS.

BACON.—10 hbls Bacon, sides, shoulders and hams, just from smoke, for sale by S. R. ROSS.

May 9, 1850.

New and Valuable Works.

BOOTH'S Encyclopedia of Chemistry; Lake Superior, by Agassiz; Deck and Port; Soyers Modern Housewife; Leslie's Receipt Book, new edition; Lonsdale's Modern History; The Genius of Scotland; The Annual of Scientific Discovery; The Scarlet Letter, by Hawthorne; Memoirs &c., of Barnard Barton; Memoirs &c., of Dr. Chalmers; Scenes in a Clergyman's Life; The Convict Ship; Cuba and the Cubans; The Women of the Bible; Irving's Mahomet; Morton's Montague; Red Rover, by Cooper; new edition; Wilson's Miscellaneous; White Jacket; Humboldt's Cosmos; Woman's Friendship, &c., &c. April 27, '50 For sale at WELLS.

NEW FIRM.

BERTRAM & PREDIGAR. HAVING entered into co-partnership in the BOOT and SHOE business, at the establishment formerly occupied by M. Hied, are prepared to sell of their own manufacture for CASH, anything in their line as cheap as can be purchased west of the mountains. All orders promptly attended to. Work done with neatness and dispatch, and warranted. Give us a call, and encourage your own Mechanics. Portsmouth, January 28, 1850—43yl

For the Spring Trade.

FULL ASSORTMENT.—Country Merchants and others visiting Portsmouth for their Spring supplies, are invited to call and examine Goods and prices before they purchase. Always on hand, a varied assortment, comprising a more general variety than can be found at any other Wholesale House in the place. Particular attention given to orders. S. R. ROSS. Portsmouth, April 22, 1850.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy articles, Glass-ware and Window Glass, and every thing belonging to the Drug Business, can always be found Fresh and Genuine in a LARGE STOCK.

SHACKLEFORD & CRICHTON'S WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUG STORE.

Sign of the Golden Mortar No. 56, Commercial Row, Front Street. And at as low prices as any others in the West.

Particular and personal attention paid to the putting up of Family medicines, Physicians' bills, Mercurial orders, &c. **Pure Wines and Liquors.** Selected for medicinal use, always on hand and in any quantity. The highest market price paid for Ginseng, Beechwood, Flaxseed and Rags. Portsmouth, Dec. 4, 1849—35tl.

FURNITURE WARE-ROOM.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has opened a **Furniture Ware-room,** ON THE EAST SIDE OF MARKET STREET ONE DOOR ABOVE DAVIS & SMITH'S, where will be found a large and well assorted stock of **Chairs and Cabinet Work,** of every variety of modern style suited to the market, which will be sold as low as can be found in any Establishment in this place. He would call the attention of the public to the fact that, he is manufacturing all kinds of **CHAIR,** which he will sell as low as the Cincinnati Chairs, kept in this place.

W. E. WILLIAMS. Portsmouth, September 25, 1849—25wtf.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE finest flavored Y. Hyson, Imperial and Gun Powder Teas, in half Chests, Caddies and Canisters, may be found constantly on hand and for sale lower than ever, in quantities to suit, by S. R. ROSS. Sept. 4, '49.

MEMPHIS INSTITUTE.

Medical Department.

THE regular course of Lectures in this Institute will commence on the First of November, and continue until the last of February. The Anatomical Department will be opened and ready to receive students by the 1st of October. The Medical Department will be under the direction of the following

PROFESSORS.
Z. FREEMAN, M.D. Professor of Anatomy.
B. S. NEWTON, M.D. Professor of Surgery.
H. J. HERR, M.D. Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine.

W. BYRD POWELL, M.D. Professor of Physiology, Pathology, Mineralogy and Geology.
J. KING, M.D. Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Medical Jurisprudence.
J. MILTON SANDERS, A.M. M.D. Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
J. A. WILSON, M.D. Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

CLINIQUE LECTURES:
Surgical—Prof. R. S. NEWTON.
Z. FREEMAN, M.D. Anatomical Demonstrator.

The fees for a full course of Lectures amount to \$105. Each Professor's Ticket \$15. Matriculators, \$5.—Demonstrator's Fee \$10. Graduation, \$20.

Those desiring further information will please address their letters (post paid) to the Dean; and students arriving in the city will please call on him at the Commercial Hotel.

R. S. NEWTON, M.D., Dean of the Faculty, Law Department.

Hon. E. W. M. KING, Professor of Theory and Practice of Law.

JOHN DELAFLAY, Esq., Professor of Commercial Jurisprudence.

Terms—\$50 per session. All communications pertaining to this department addressed to E. W. M. KING, Esq., Memphis, Tenn., March, 1850.

(C) The Faculty, for intellectual abilities, moral worth and professional acquirements, will compare favorably with the most distinguished in our country.—The Medical Faculty constitutes an anomaly in this or any other country—all of them are able lecturers and the best of teachers.

Those who will contemplate our geographical position and the extent of our population, can have no doubt as to the eligibility of our situation for an enterprise of the kind. As to health, including all seasons of the year, we deny that any OTHER CITY HAS MORE.

A common error exists in the minds of many students relative to the place of studying medicine: those who intend practicing among the diseases of the west and north should certainly educate themselves at a school whose Faculty are practically acquainted with these diseases.

That the public may be satisfied of the permanency of this school, we feel it our duty to state, that the Trustees and Faculty form a unit in action, which augurs well for its future success, and that the peculiar internal organization which connects them, cannot be interrupted.

E. W. M. KING, President of the Memphis Institute. April 1, 1850—52wt.

FARMER'S HOTEL.

ON SECOND STREET, BETWEEN MARKET AND COURT, One square from the Steamboat Landing, Portsmouth, O.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that she will continue in the above named, well known

House of Entertainment

heretofore kept by her late husband, Thomas Conroy, where she will be happy to wait upon all who may favor her with their patronage. The house was not long since enlarged and furnished in a style to make every guest comfortable. The table will at all times be well supplied with the best that the markets afford; and the bedding will be clean and neat.

A commodious Stable, Carriage house and Wagon yard adjoins the house, in charge of a careful Hostler, where single horses or teams will be well attended and supplied with an abundance of the best Hay and Grain. In short, the subscriber intends that her house shall be a comfortable home for her guests. The charges as heretofore will be reasonable.

The Coaches for the North and East pass the house daily, morning and evening.

ANN CONEY. Portsmouth, October 23, 1849—29yl.

NEW BOOK STORE!

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of this place and surrounding country, that they have opened in McDowell's block, corner of Front and Market streets, a large and general assortment of **BOOKS and STATIONERY,** consisting of

Law, Medical, Theological, Classical and School Books.

In connection with this establishment, they have an extensive **BINDERY,** where all kinds of **BLANK BOOKS**

of a superior quality will be made to order, of any pattern, and on the shortest notice. Fully determined to supply every thing that the wants of the community may require, they hope by strict attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

WHITING & HUNTINGTON. Portsmouth, April 17, 1849—2tl.

Fancy Articles.

GOLD Pencils and pens, silver do. ladies' head bands and purses, ladies work boxes, razors and strops, fine pen knives, scissors, ladies card cases, hair brushes, tooth ditto, cloth ditto, &c., for sale cheap by S. WELLS. April 6—4tl.

SWAN'S TREATISE.

THE New Edition of Swan's Treatise just published. It is much larger than the old one, and changed to suit all the recent laws up to the close of the last session of the Legislature, for sale by the dozen or single at publisher's prices, by **WHITING & HUNTINGTON.** Portsmouth, Dec. 4, 1849—35tl.

Furs! Furs!!

THE undersigned will pay the highest Cash price for FURS of every description. D. WOLFFARD. December 10, 1849—4tl.

A CARD.

MILLER & ELSAS, Drapers and Tailors, No. 1, Corner of Front and Jefferson Streets.

Grateful for past favors, would suggest to their old and numerous customers, that their stock of Cloths is as usual, complete. They have, in addition, all kinds of Cassimeres, Vestings, Cravats, black, striped and changeable Pocketkerchiefs, Shirts, Gloves, Suspenders, &c. Gentlemen in want of a fine suit of clothes may rely upon having them "done up brown," as we flatter ourselves we cannot be best in cutting or making up coats, pants and vests. Satisfied to say, gentlemen, give us a call, and we will satisfy you that what we say is no humbug. We have also lots of Winter clothing which we are determined to close out at reduced rates. COME ONE, COME ALL.

N. B.—To those who are in arrears we would suggest the speedy adjustment of their bills, as our term of partnership expires shortly, which makes it indispensable that our accounts be settled up. **MILLER & ELSAS.** Portsmouth, January 7, 1850—40tl.

Great Bargains in Real Estate.

THE subscriber offers for sale all that property situated on Front Street in Portsmouth, formerly known as the "American Hotel," and now as the "Franklin." Also, the whole of lot No. 176, lying immediately in the rear and adjoining said Hotel property, and fronting on second Street. The buildings and other improvements situated on said premises, are designed and adapted for Hotel purposes, but by division, the same can be used for three or more business houses, and private residences. The property will be sold in a body, or in parcels at the purchaser's option. The title is good, and the terms of sale will be reasonable and easy. Apply to the subscriber, or O. F. Moseley, at Portsmouth. **CORNELIUS MCCOY.** March 25, 1850—51tl.

S. WELLS is now receiving a full supply of **PAPER and BLANK BOOKS** of all kinds for sale at his Book and Music Store at unusually low prices. Portsmouth, December 17, 1849—37tl.

POWDER.

Kentucky Rifle Powder Made at Enfield, Connecticut, and put up in whole, half or quarter Kegs, for sale at lowest rates. Also, Blasting and Cannon Powder, &c. ways on hand. Orders filled in ten minutes time by calling on **S. R. ROSS,** Agent Hazard Company. Portsmouth, Nov. 14, 1849—31

Extensive Supply of PROPERTIES.

WE have just received
25 Hbls. Sugar, 150 Bags Coffee,
100 Bbls Molasses, 10 Hf Ch. Tea,
30 Boxes Tobacco, 5 Tierces Rice,
50 Boxes Candles, 100 Reams wrap-paper,
20 Boxes Soap, 10 Bales Battine,
10 Kegs 6T Tobacco 5 Boxes Castile Soap
10,000 Hf. Span. Clgars, 10 do de Pimento,
10 Bbls Cinnamon 10 do de Pimento,
10 Bbls Sulfuric, 1 Cask Madder,
20 Bbls Hy's Cement, 2 Ceroans Indigo,
1,000 the Cotton Yarns, (assorted),
10 Cutlery Im. and Y. H. Tea,
10 Bbls Louisville Lime, etc., etc.
all of which they offer for sale on the lowest terms.

Country Merchants and others will do well to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, as we are well assured our goods and prices will well compare with those of any other house in the place.

DAVIS, SMITH & Co. Market Street